



Modulo senza titolo

Domande Risposte 88 Impostazioni

88 risposte



Le risposte non sono più accettate



Messaggio per gli intervistati

Questo modulo non accetta più risposte

Riepilogo

Domanda

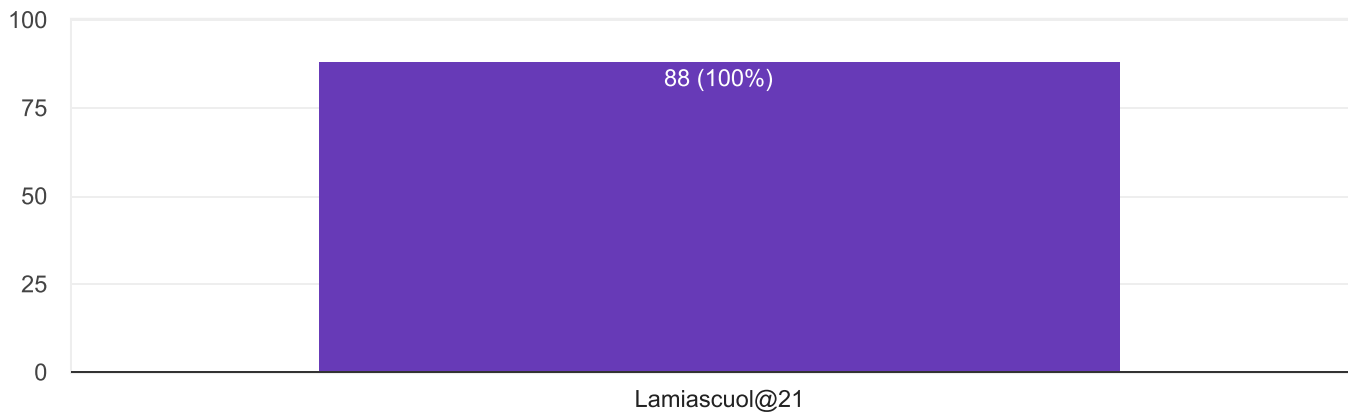
Individuali

Password



Copia

88 risposte

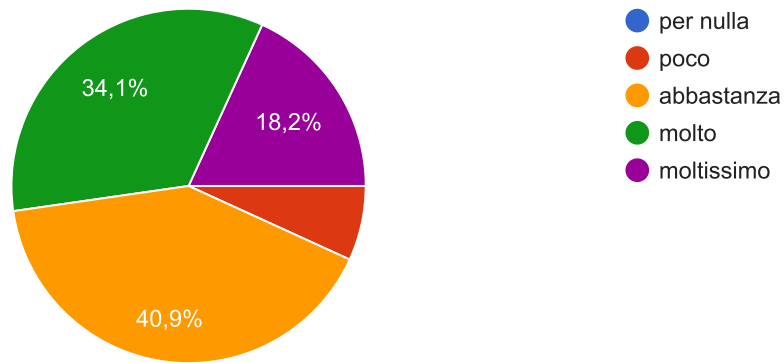


Questionario studenti a. s. 2021/2022

1. Sei contento di frequentare questa scuola?



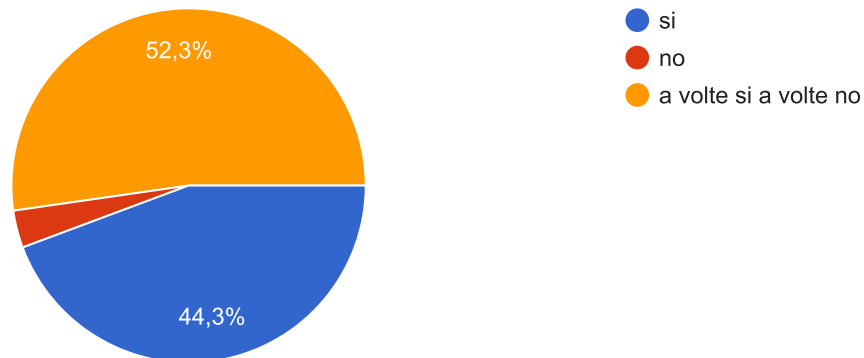
88 risposte



2. Vieni volentieri a scuola?



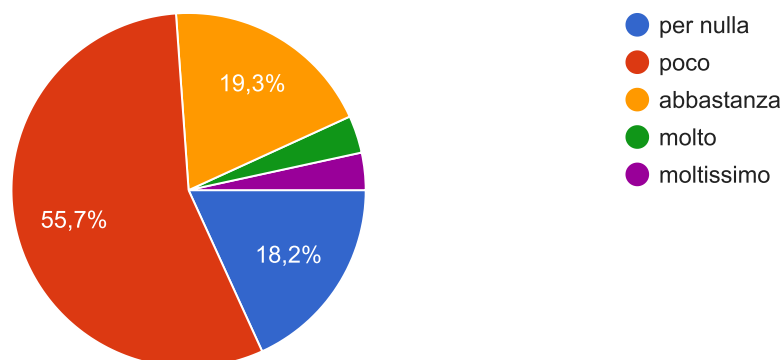
88 risposte



3. Ti annoi a scuola?



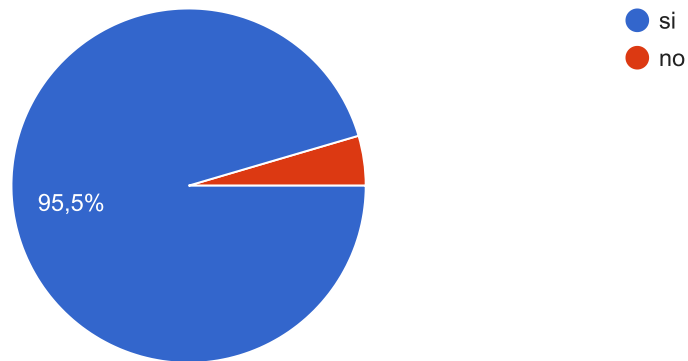
88 risposte



4. Hai scelto tu questa scuola?

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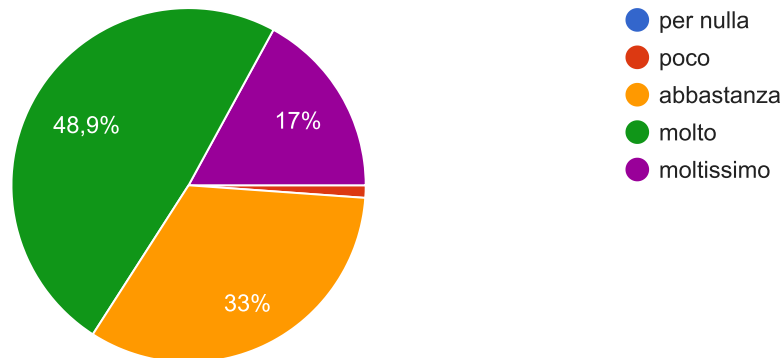
88 risposte



5. Hai un buon rapporto con gli insegnanti?

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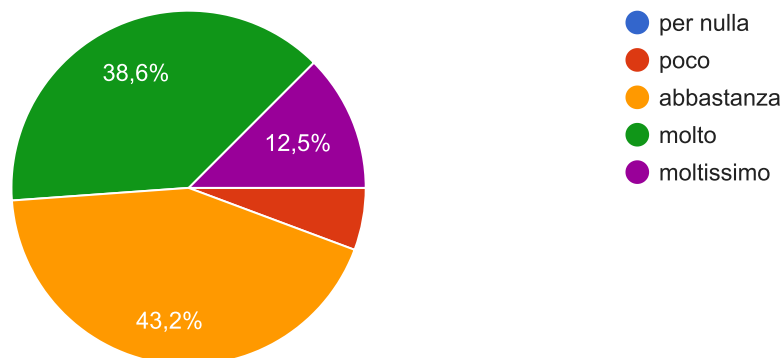
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6. Gli insegnanti ti aiutano quando non riesci a svolgere il tuo lavoro?

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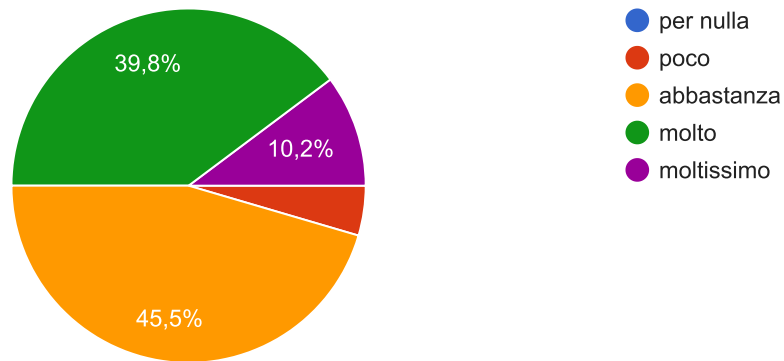
88 risposte



7. Gli insegnanti spiegano in modo chiaro?



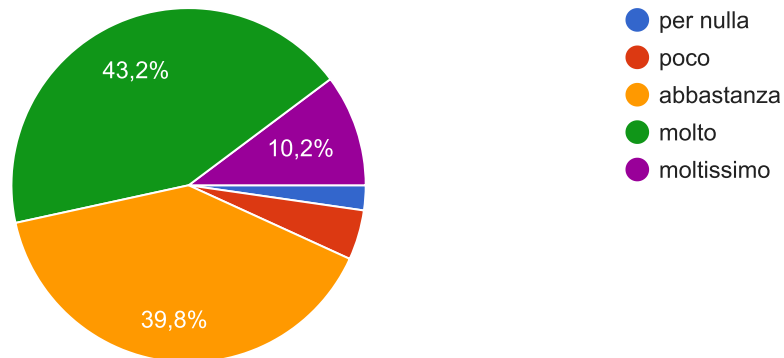
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8. Credi di imparare molte cose?



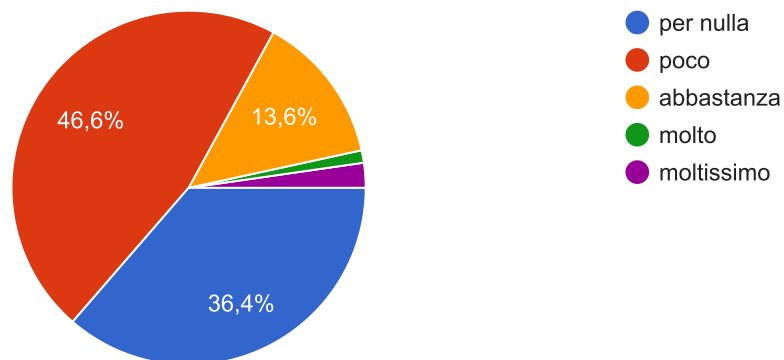
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9. Trovi difficoltà nello svolgimento dei compiti a casa?



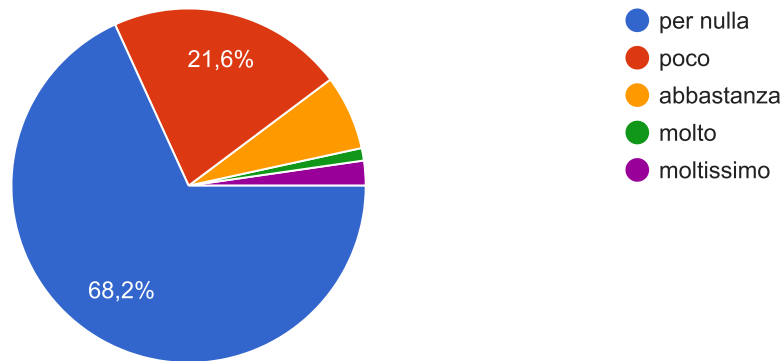
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10. Nello studio domestico ti fai aiutare da qualcuno?

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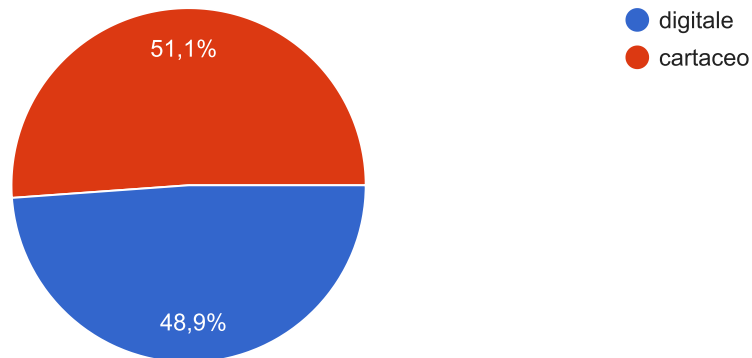
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11. Trovi più interessante studiare con un libro digitale o cartaceo

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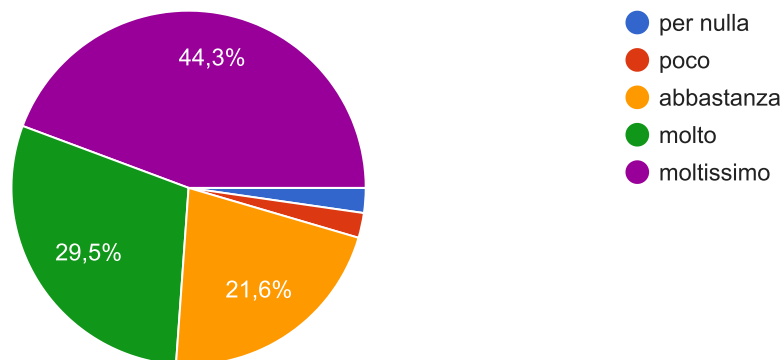
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12. Hai un buon rapporto con i compagni?

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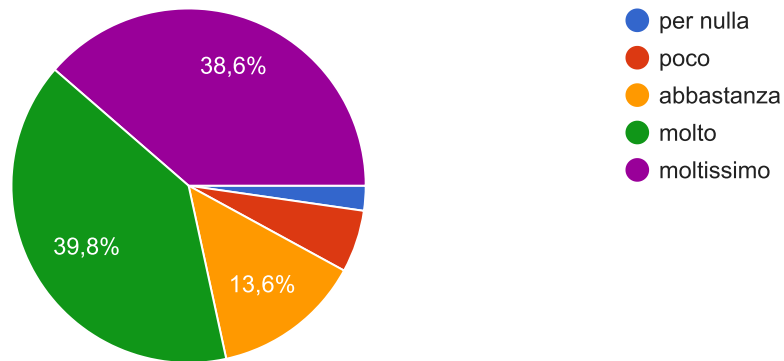
88 risposte



13. I compagni si comportano correttamente nei tuoi riguardi?

Copia

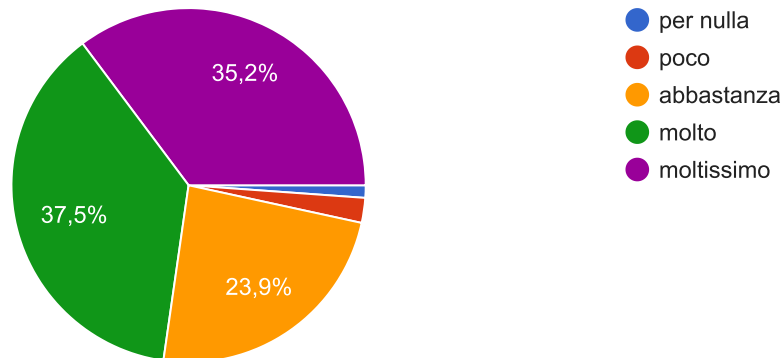
88 risposte



14. I collaboratori scolastici sono sempre cortesi?

Copia

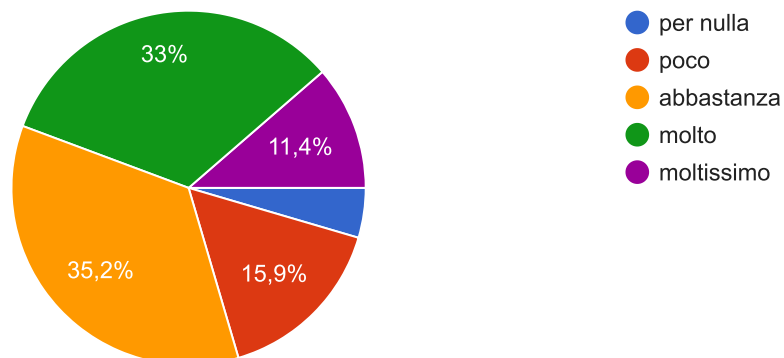
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15. Trovi l'ambiente scolastico pulito ed ordinato?

Copia

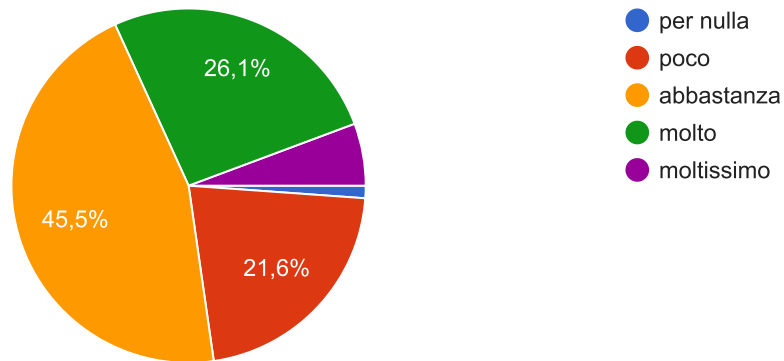
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16. Le aule sono comode e funzionali alle attività che si svolgono?

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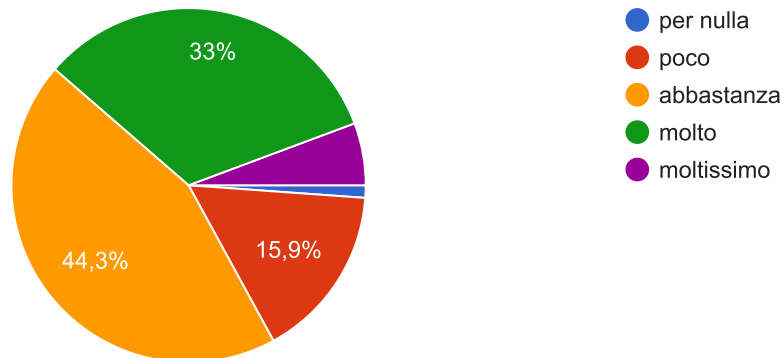
88 risposte



17. Le attrezzature presenti nella tua scuola sono sufficienti ed adeguate?

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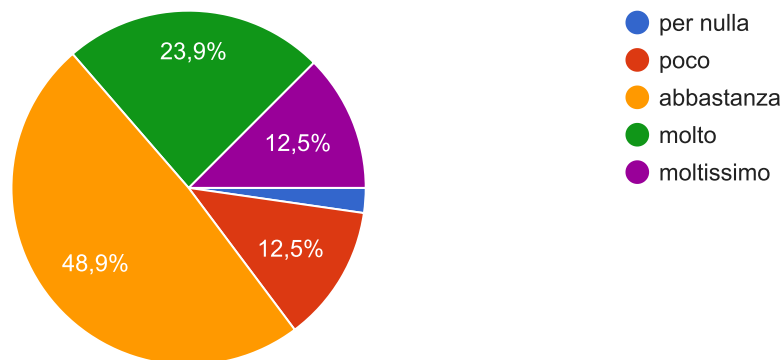
88 risposte



18. Hai utilizzato piattaforme multimediali?

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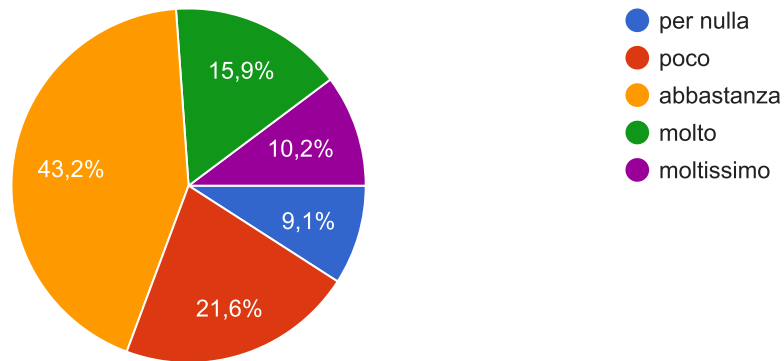
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19. Hai utilizzato classi virtuali?



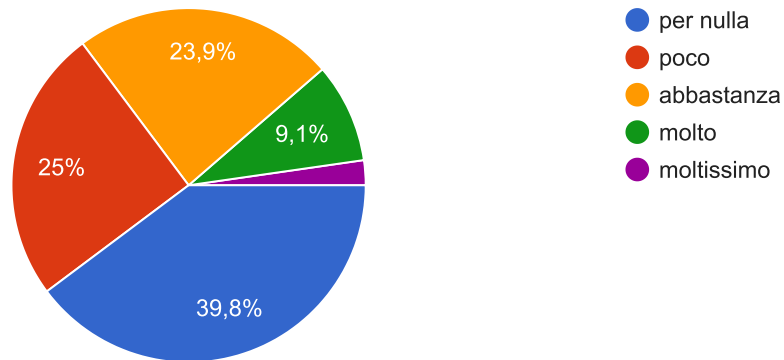
88 risposte



20. Hai utilizzato libri digitali?



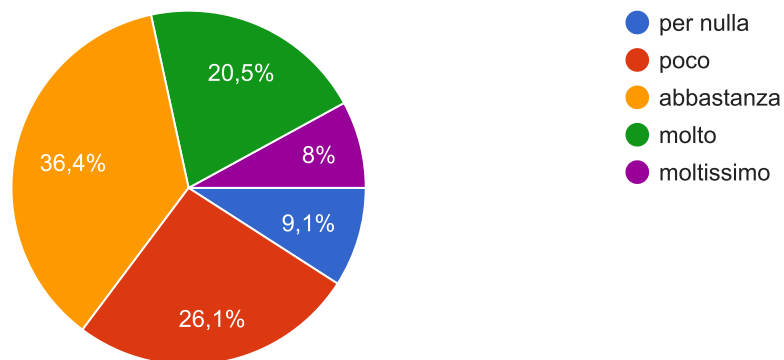
88 risposte



21. Condividi le regole in vigore nella nostra scuola (es. Regolamento d'Istituto)?



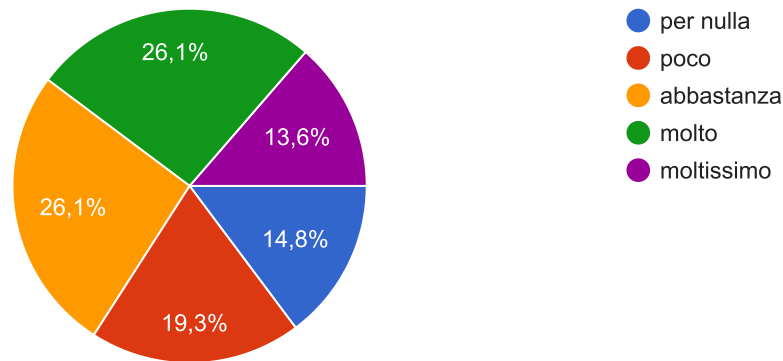
88 risposte



22. Sei soddisfatto/a dell'organizzazione delle visite guidate e viaggi di istruzione?



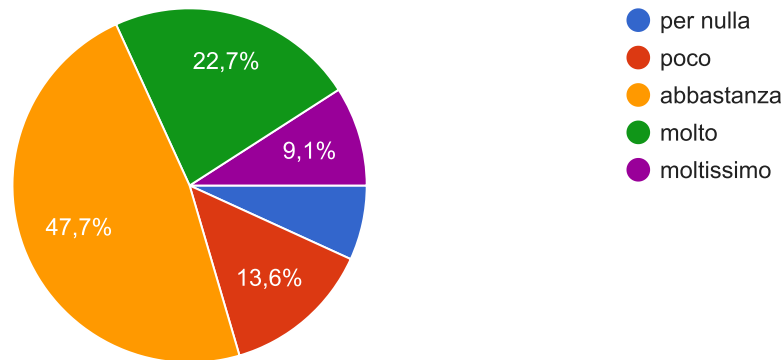
88 risposte



23. Ritieni che i progetti pomeridiani siano un'efficace opportunità per gli studenti?



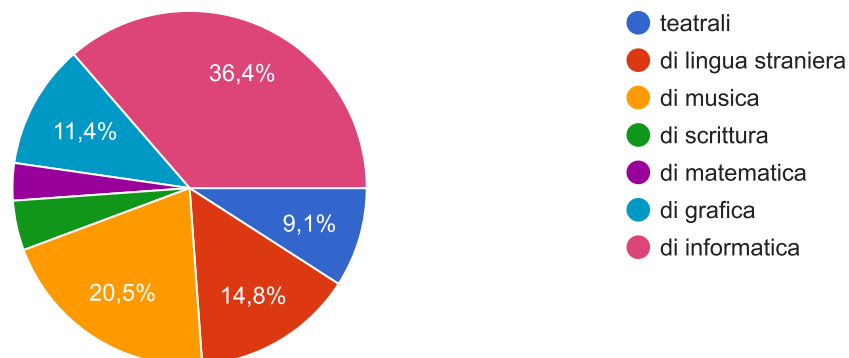
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24. Quali attività vorresti che la scuola organizzasse?



88 risposte



the 1990s, the number of people who are not employed has increased from 15.2% to 20.5% of the population.

There are a number of reasons for this increase. One is that the economy has been slow to grow, and there are not enough jobs to go around. Another is that the population is aging, and many people are retiring. A third is that the education system is not producing enough graduates to meet the needs of the economy.

The government has a number of programs in place to help people who are not employed. These include unemployment insurance, job training programs, and social security. However, these programs are not always sufficient to meet the needs of people who are not employed.

There are a number of things that the government can do to help people who are not employed. These include increasing the minimum wage, providing more job training opportunities, and improving the unemployment insurance system.

It is important for the government to take action to help people who are not employed. This will help to reduce poverty and improve the overall quality of life in the country.

The government should also consider increasing the number of people who are employed. This can be done by creating more jobs and supporting businesses that create jobs.

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the 1990s, the number of people with a university degree has increased in all countries, but the increase has been most pronounced in the Netherlands.

There are several reasons for the increase in the number of people with a university degree. First, the number of people who go to university has increased. Second, the number of people who complete a university degree has increased. Third, the number of people who have a university degree but do not work in a university-related job has increased.

The increase in the number of people with a university degree has led to a decrease in the number of people who are unemployed. This is because people with a university degree are more likely to find a job than people without a university degree. This is especially true in the Netherlands, where the unemployment rate is high.

The increase in the number of people with a university degree has also led to a decrease in the number of people who are in poverty. This is because people with a university degree are more likely to have a higher income than people without a university degree. This is especially true in the Netherlands, where the poverty rate is high.

The increase in the number of people with a university degree has also led to a decrease in the number of people who are in social exclusion. This is because people with a university degree are more likely to have a higher social status than people without a university degree. This is especially true in the Netherlands, where the social exclusion rate is high.

The increase in the number of people with a university degree has also led to a decrease in the number of people who are in health care. This is because people with a university degree are more likely to have a higher health status than people without a university degree. This is especially true in the Netherlands, where the health care rate is high.

The increase in the number of people with a university degree has also led to a decrease in the number of people who are in crime. This is because people with a university degree are more likely to have a higher income than people without a university degree. This is especially true in the Netherlands, where the crime rate is high.

The increase in the number of people with a university degree has also led to a decrease in the number of people who are in the criminal justice system. This is because people with a university degree are more likely to have a higher income than people without a university degree. This is especially true in the Netherlands, where the criminal justice system rate is high.

The increase in the number of people with a university degree has also led to a decrease in the number of people who are in the labor market. This is because people with a university degree are more likely to have a higher income than people without a university degree. This is especially true in the Netherlands, where the labor market rate is high.

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